

A vertical decorative image on the left side of the slide showing a close-up of a computer keyboard with a yellow padlock resting on one of the keys.

Compass Security

[The ICT-Security Experts]

SAML 2.0
[Beer Talk – Berlin – 2/16/2016]

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May I introduce myself?



Stephan Sekula

- ✦ With Compass since August 2013
- ✦ Career: Studied Computer Science, worked in research, now gathering practical experience
- ✦ Expertise
 - ✦ Web Application Security
 - ✦ Mobile Security
 - ✦ Social Engineering basics (from Psychology minor)

Hobbies

- ✦ Cooking & baking
- ✦ Bicycling
- ✦ Climbing
- ✦ IT-Security



- ◆ Introduction to SAML
- ◆ Use-Cases
- ◆ Protocol Details

- ◆ SAML Attacks
- ◆ Demo Exploit
- ◆ Remediation



Security

Crossdomain

Assertion

Markup

single
sign-on

Such
wow!

Language

Client/User

- ✦ Wants to authenticate (i.e., assert a particular identity)

Service Provider (SP)

- ✦ Provides a certain service the client wants to use
- ✦ Trusts certain Identity Providers (and their Assertions)
 - ✦ SP ascertains a user's identity based on IdP's Assertion

Identity Provider (IdP)

- ✦ Checks the clients' identity
- ✦ Issues SAML Assertions ("proof of identity")
 - ✦ Communicates these Assertions to the Service Provider

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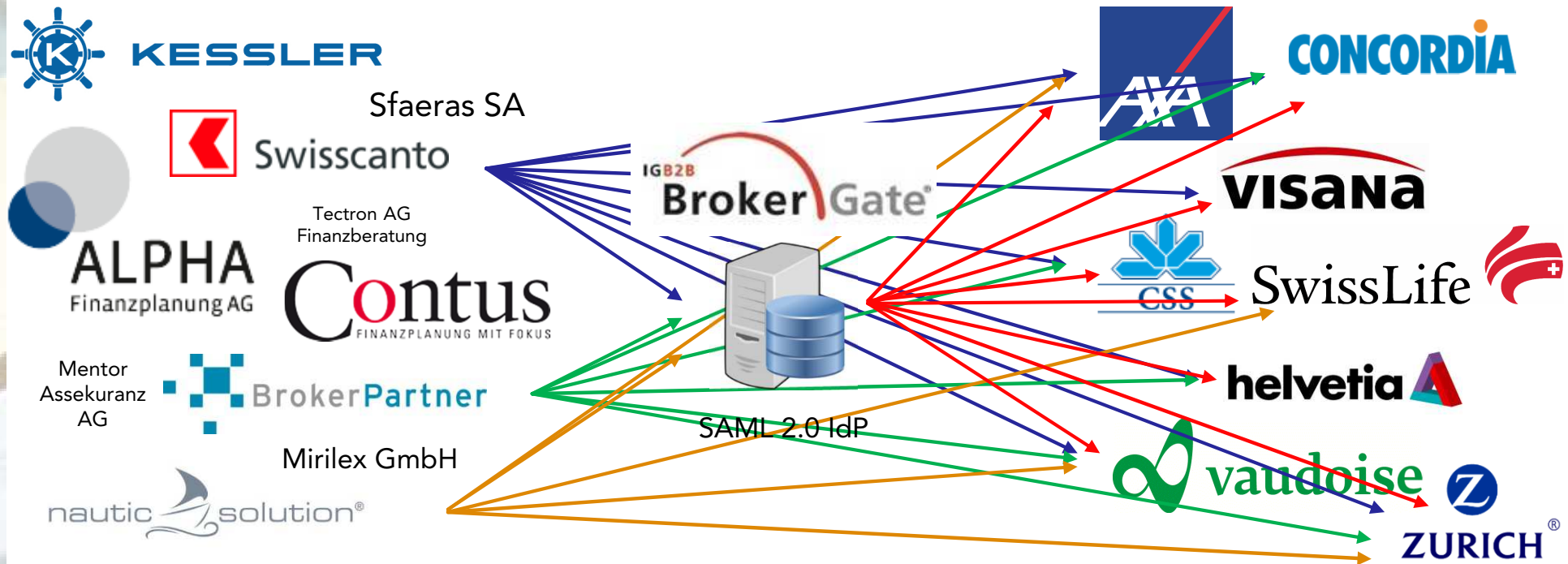
Use-Case – IG B2B BrokerGate



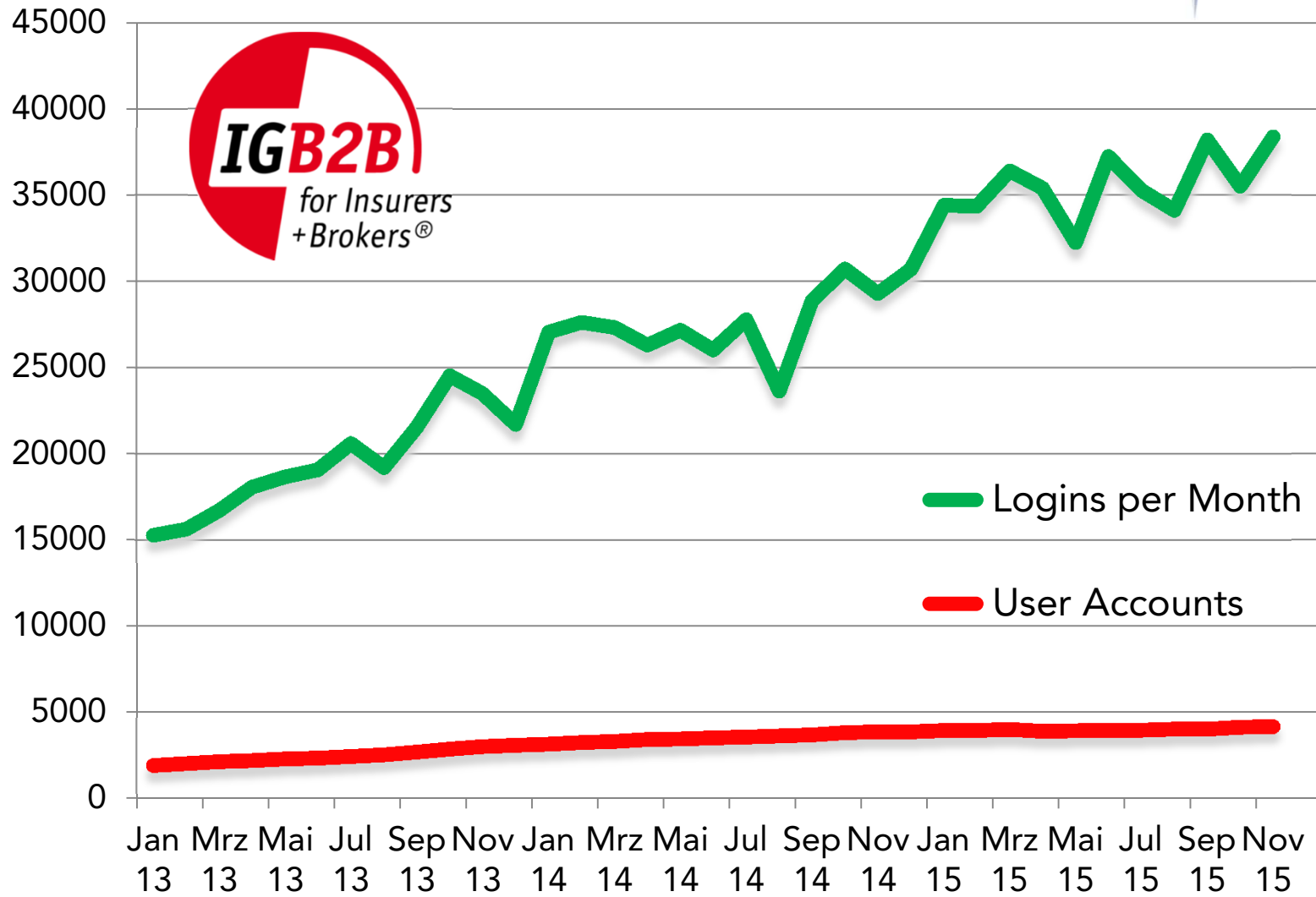
941 Brokers
4146 Users



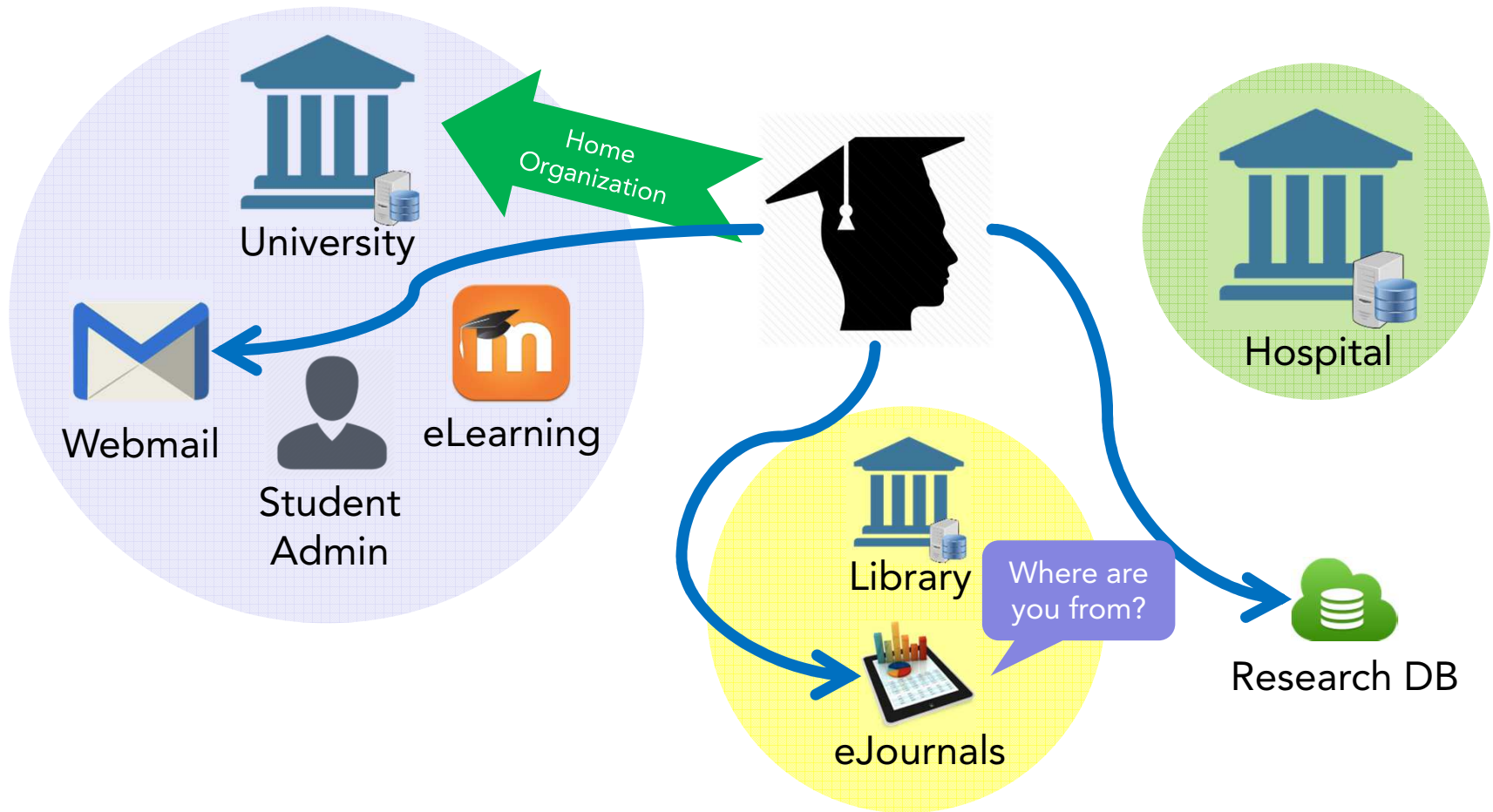
22 Insurances
(Service Providers)



Use-Case – IG B2B BrokerGate

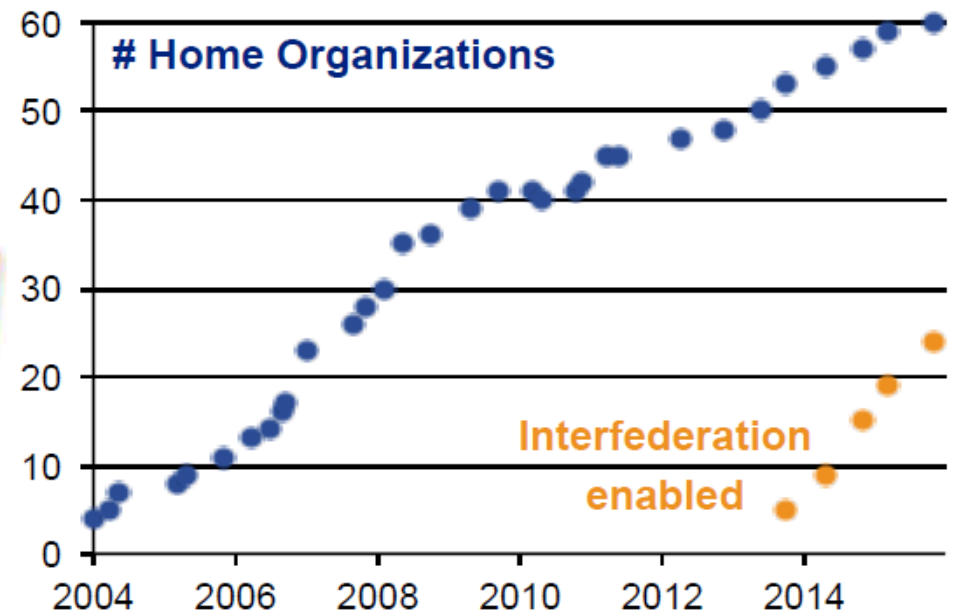
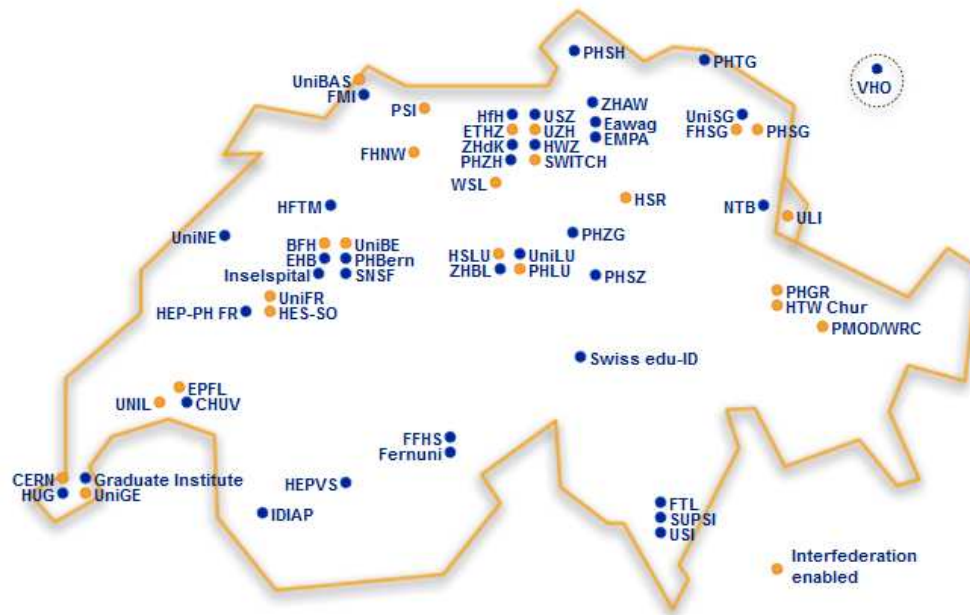


SWITCH

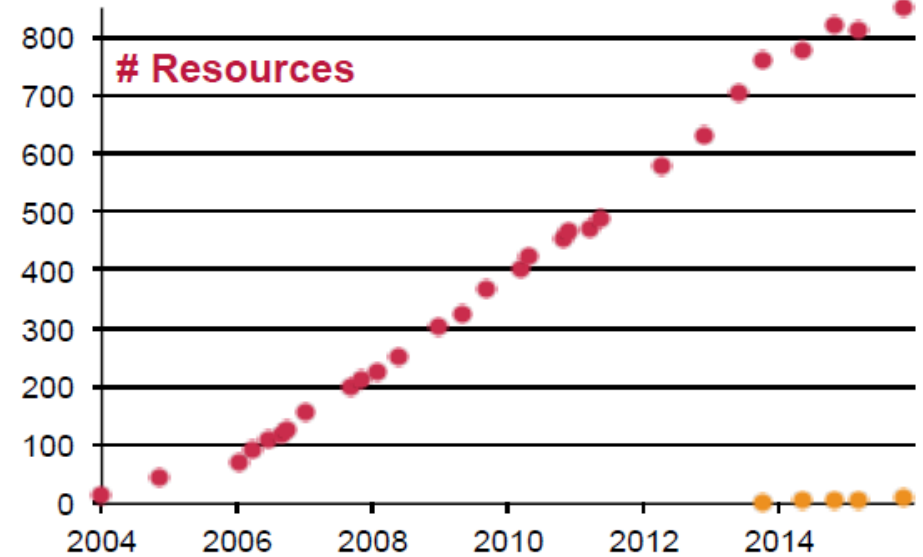
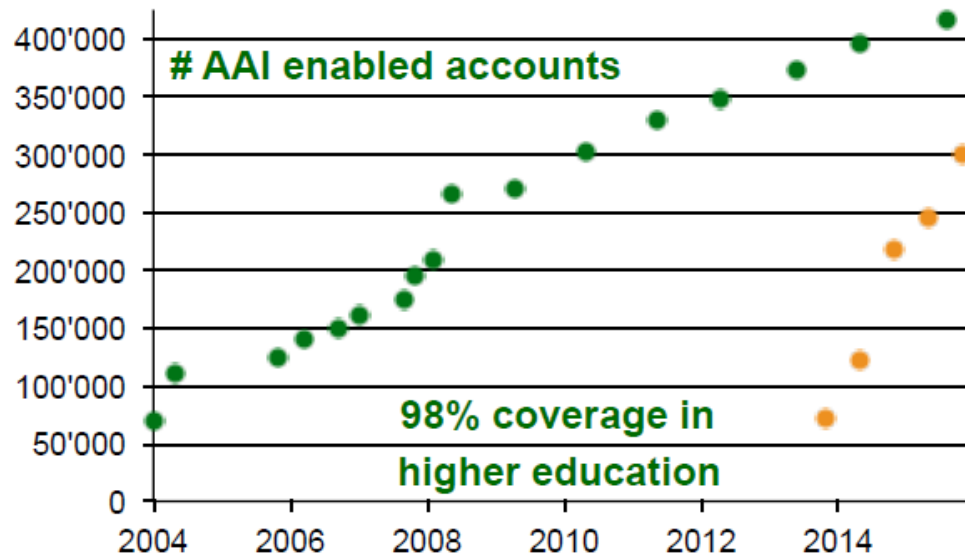


aa: Authentication and Authorization Infrastructure

SWITCH



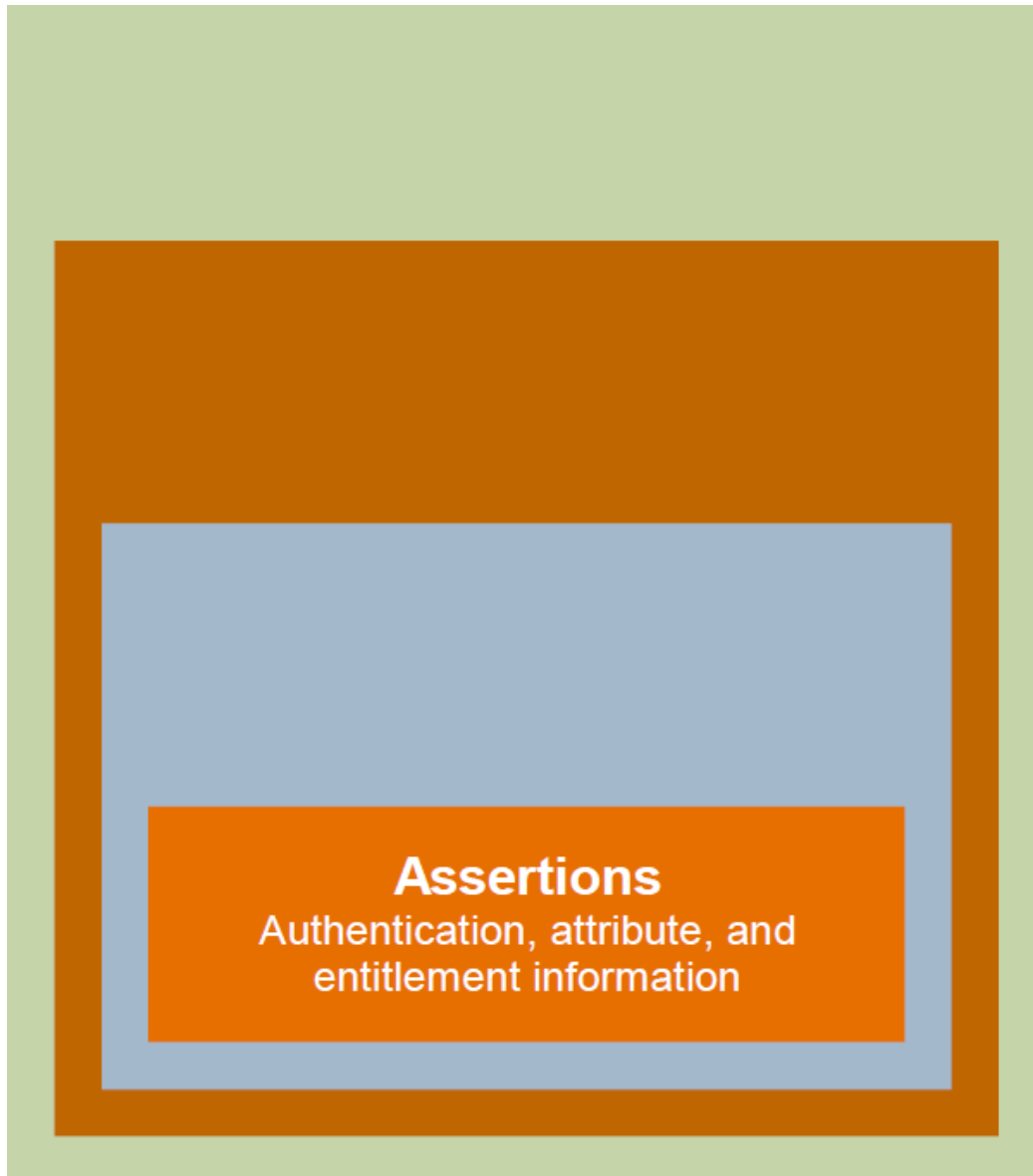
SWITCH



On average:
50 SAML authentication requests per second

- ✦ Introduction to SAML
- ✦ Use-Cases
- ✦ **Protocol Details**

- ✦ SAML Attacks
- ✦ Demo Exploit
- ✦ Remediation



SAML Profiles are a combination of SAML Assertions, Protocols, and Bindings for particular use cases, e.g., "Web Browser SSO Profile"

Bindings specify how the various messages are carried over underlying transport protocols, e.g., HTTP redirect or POST

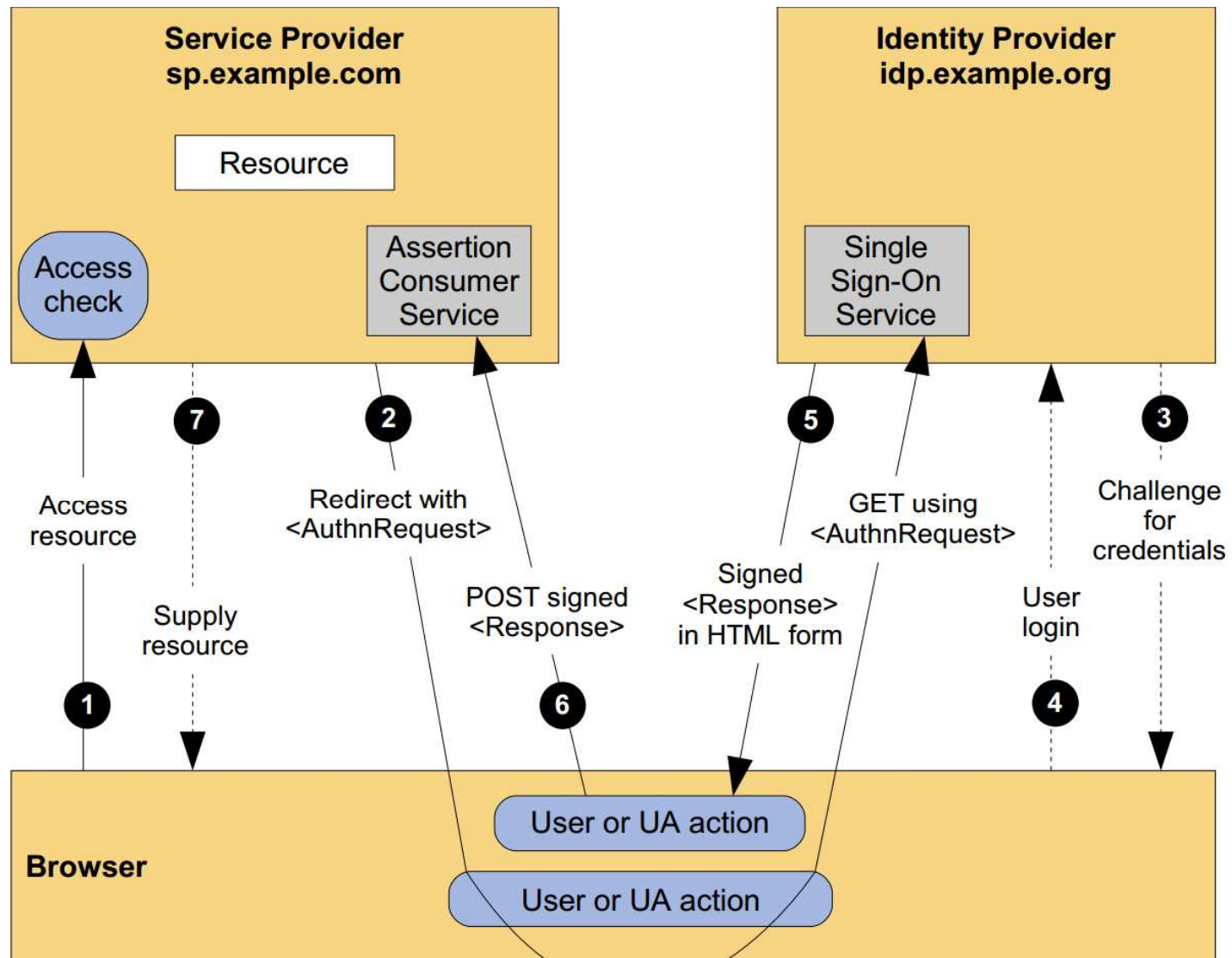
SAML defines a number of Protocol messages, e.g., "authentication request", "artifact resolution", and "single logout"

An IdP uses Assertions to convey a subject's identity (including the used authentication method) to an SP

Web Browser SSO Profile (Redirect/POST)



SP-Initiated SSO with Redirect and POST Bindings



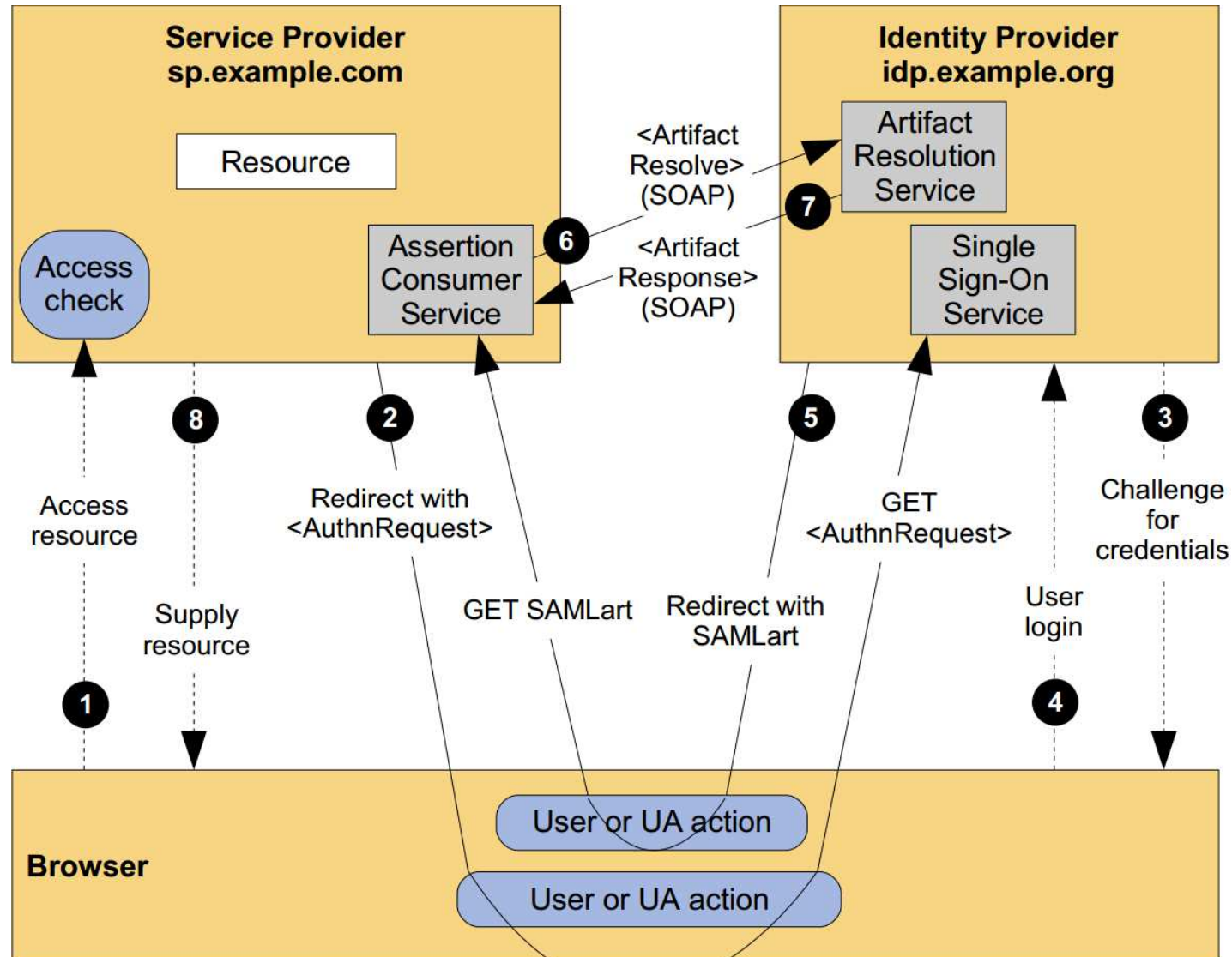
Source: <http://docs.oasis-open.org/security/saml/Post2.0/sstc-saml-tech-overview-2.0.pdf>

SSO-SP-redir-POST

Web Browser SSO Profile (Artifact)

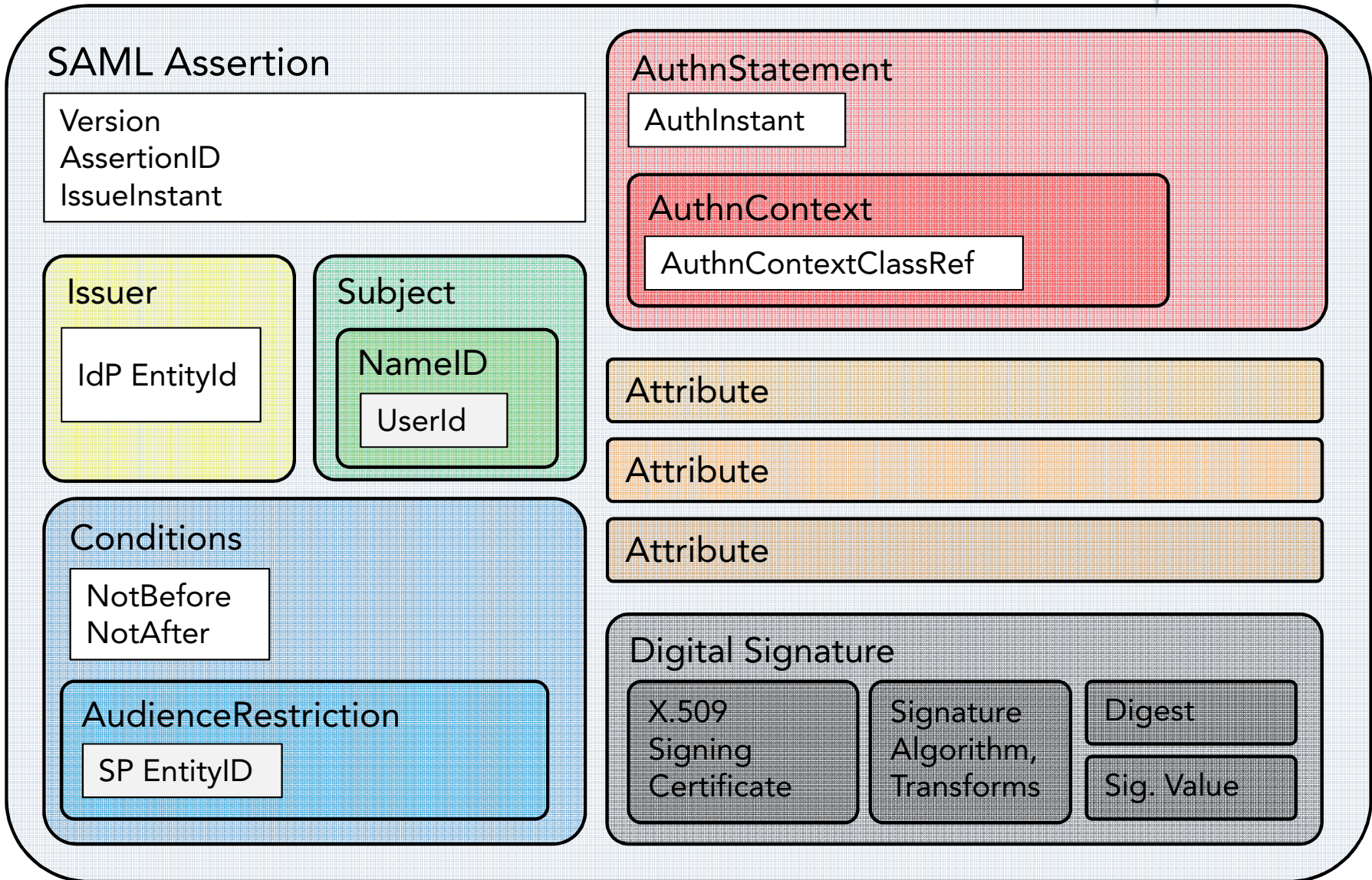


SP-Initiated SSO with POST/Artifact Bindings

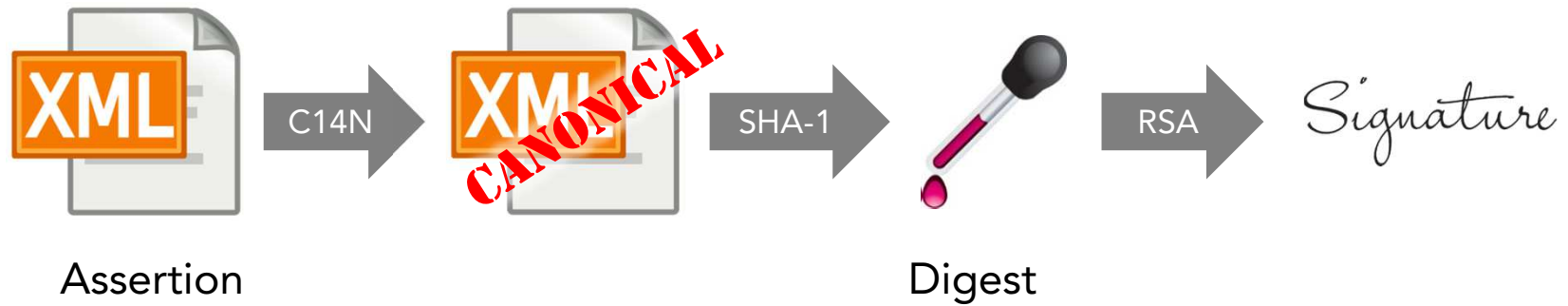


Source: <http://docs.oasis-open.org/security/saml/Post2.0/sstc-saml-tech-overview-2.0.pdf>

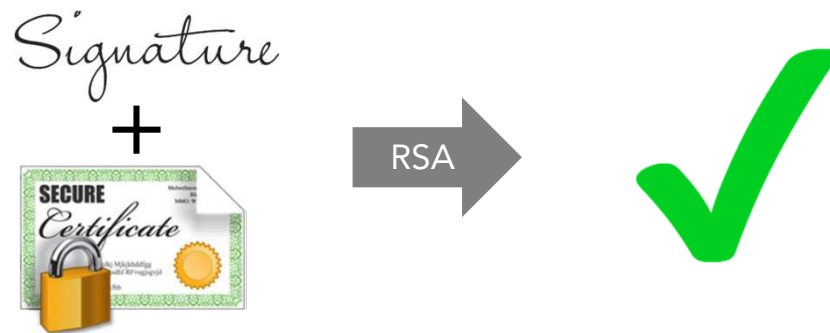
SSO-SP-POST-art



Assertion Signing:



Signature Verification:

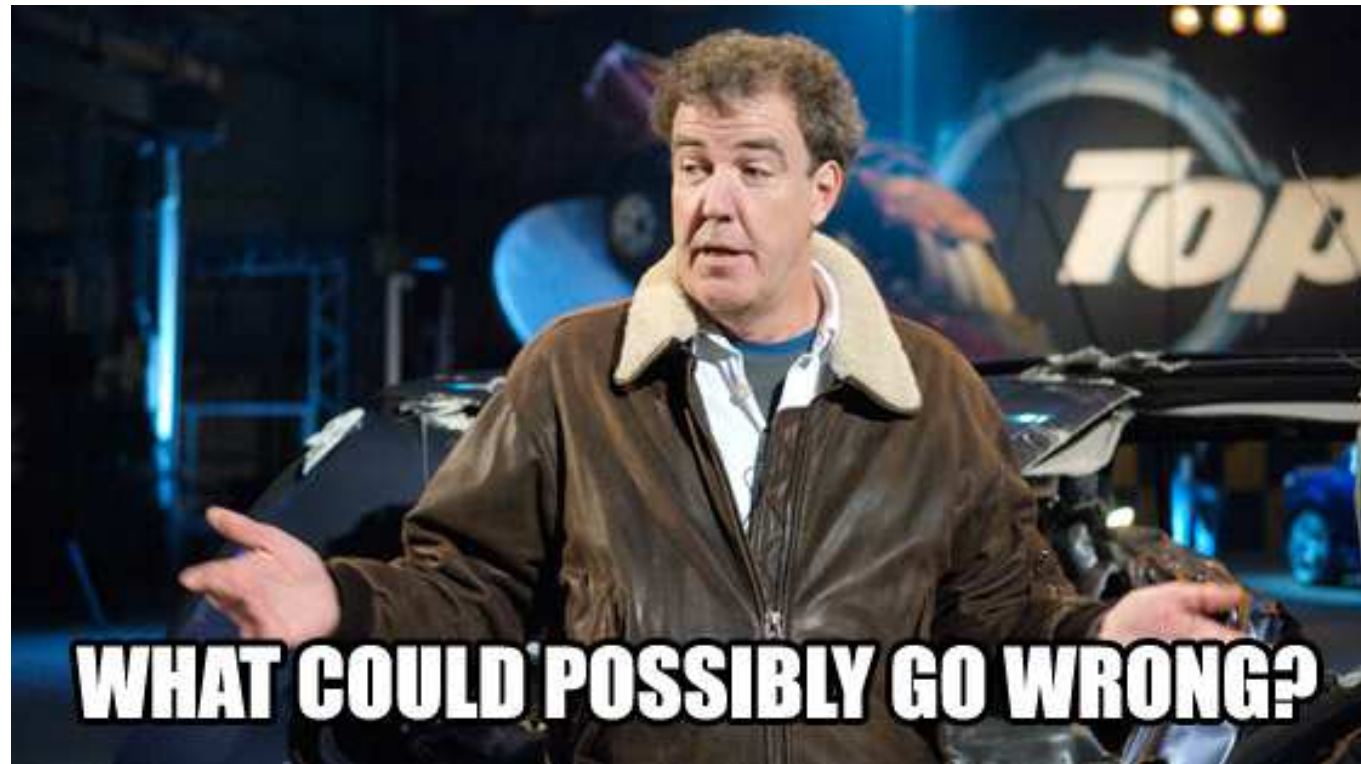


- ✦ Introduction to SAML
- ✦ Use-Cases
- ✦ Protocol Details

- ✦ **SAML Attacks**
- ✦ Demo Exploit
- ✦ Remediation

Technologies

- ◆ SAML
- ◆ XML Signatures
- ◆ X.509 Certificates



Guessable Session ID

- ✦ Attacker is able to logout other users

Eavesdropped SAML Message

- ✦ Attacker captures SAML message
- ✦ Attacker replays captured message

Signature Exclusion

- ✦ XML signature is deleted

XML Signature Wrapping (XSW)

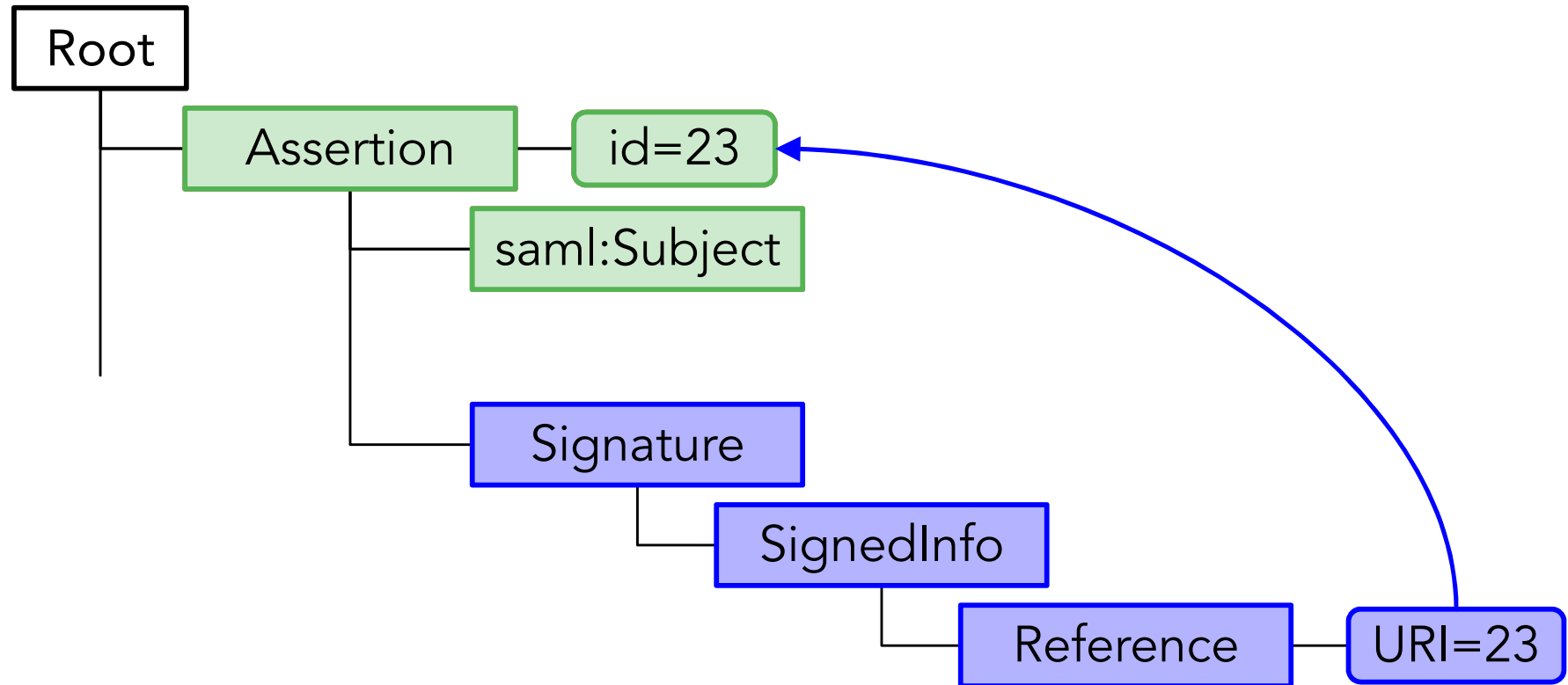
- ✦ Manipulating XML contents while keeping the signature valid

SAML Attacks – Signature Wrapping



SAML Message

(XSW)



SAML Attacks – Certificate Tampering



Precondition: Certificate is embedded in the message

Types of attacks:

- ★ "Clone" a certificate, generate new key material, sign message
- ★ Same as above, but "clone" entire chain
- ★ Use a certificate signed by another official CA
- ★ Use a revoked certificate



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- ✦ SAML Attacks
- ✦ **Demo Exploit**
- ✦ Remediation

CVE-2015-5372 SAML SP Authentication Bypass

- ✦ Discovered in June 2015 by Compass Security
- ✦ Preconditions:
 - ✦ SAML POST Binding is used
 - ✦ SP does not validate all attributes contained in X.509 certificate
 - ✦ SP uses certificate contained in the SAML message (not the one in its certificate store)

CVE-2015-5372 SAML SP Authentication Bypass

```
#####  
#  
# COMPASS SECURITY ADVISORY  
# http://www.csnc.ch/en/downloads/advisories.html  
#  
#####  
#  
# Product: [CUT BY COMPASS]  
# Vendor: [CUT BY COMPASS]  
# CVD ID: CVE-2015-5372  
# Subject: Authentication Bypass  
# Risk: Critical  
# Effect: Remotely exploitable  
# Authors: Antoine Neuenschwander (antoine.neuenschwander () csnc ch)  
# Roland Bischofberger (roland.bischofberger () csnc ch)  
# Date: 2015-09-21  
#  
#####  
...
```

Steps

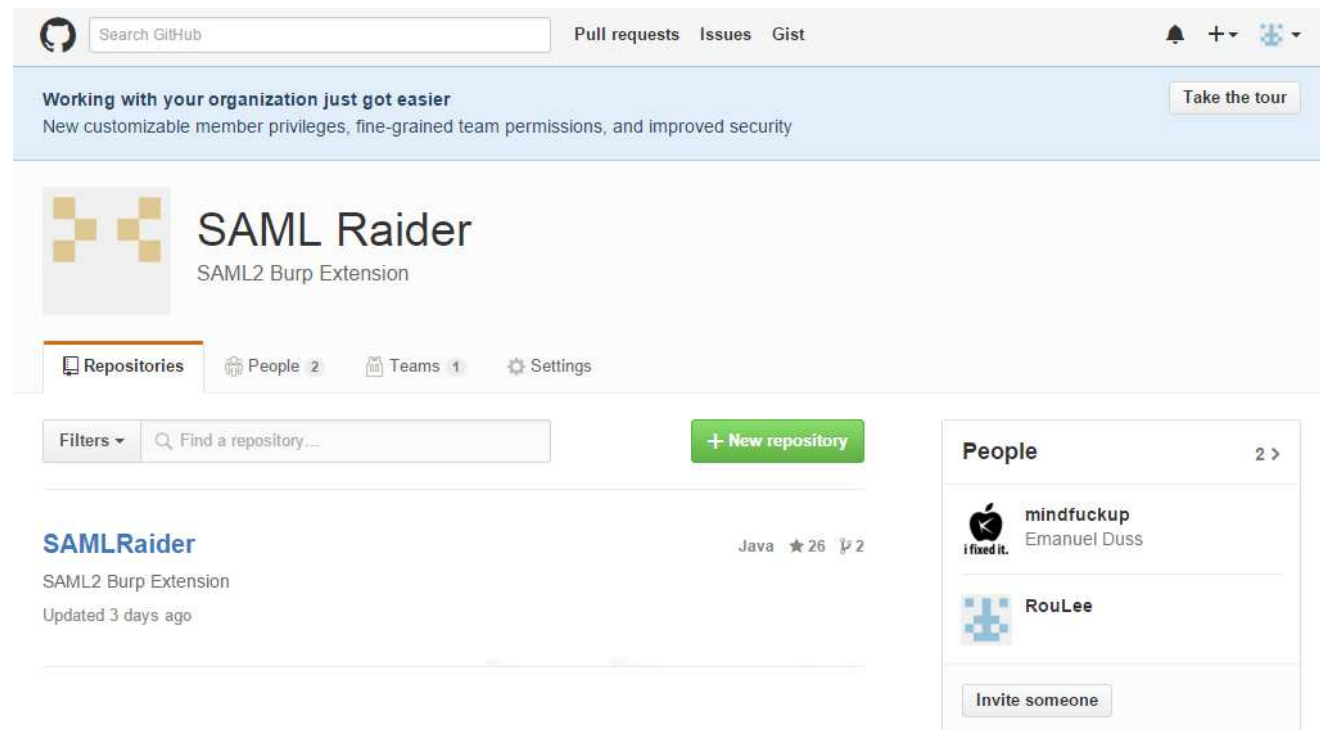
1. Intercept Assertion
2. Extract certificate
3. "Clone" certificate; generate new keys
4. Manipulate Assertion, e.g., change username
5. Remove original signature; sign manipulated Assertion using the "cloned" certificate

Problem

- ✦ Complicated workflow
- ✦ Assertion is often only valid for some minutes

Solution

- ✦ SAML Raider extension for burp
 - ✦ Developed as part of a Bachelor thesis (in cooperation with Compass Security)
 - ✦ <https://github.com/SAMLRaider/SAMLRaider>



Demo Exploit



Burp Suite Free Edition v1.6.25

Request to http://samluelsp.hacking-lab.com:80 [192.168.200.158]

Forward Drop Intercept is on Action

Raw Params Headers Hex SAML Raider

XSW Attacks

XSWL Preview in Browser... Reset Message

Apply XSW

XML Signature

Remove Signatures (Re-)Sign Assertion

Send Certificate to SAML Raider Certs (Re-)Sign Message

Search

Assertion

Condition Not Before	2015-09-01T10:22:23Z
Condition Not After	2015-09-01T10:27:53Z
Issuer	http://samluelidp.hacking-lab.com
Signature	
Signature Algorithm	http://www.w3.org/2000/09/xmldsig#rsa-sha1
Digest Algorithm	http://www.w3.org/2000/09/xmldsig#sha1
Subject	
Subject Conf. Not Before	
Subject Conf. Not After	2015-09-01T10:27:53Z

```
1 <?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8"?>
2 <samlp:Response
3   Destination="http://samluelsp.hacking-lab.com/simpl
4   ID="_aa7db06379cdcfad6fecaeda9d89a01795228862f0"
5   IssueInstant="2015-09-01T10:22:53Z" Version="2.0"
6   xmlns:saml="urn:oasis:names:tc:SAML:2.0:assertion"
7   <saml:Issuer>http://samluelidp.hacking-lab.com</sam
8   <samlp:Status>
9     <samlp:StatusCode Value="urn:oasis:names:tc:SAML:
10  </samlp:Status>
11  <saml:Assertion ID=" cf0d5c7bd1bfb5ef9616e86c056c44
```

Compass SAML

samluelsp.hacking-lab.com/simplesaml/auth.php?login

Compass SAML

You are currently authenticated. [Log out.](#)

You are just another user

- ✦ Introduction to SAML
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- ✦ Demo Exploit
- ✦ **Remediation**

- ✦ Use artifact binding (no contents stored on client)
- ✦ If POST Binding is required:
 - ✦ Use encrypted messages
 - ✦ Only process signed XML tree (delete other contents)
 - ✦ Use key material on the SP or IdP (not embedded keys)
 - ✦ Add a random number to every signed element that has been verified successfully
 - ✦ This number needs to be checked in following steps
 - ✦ This requires a modified XML schema

Open discussion



Thank you!



Thank you for
your attention!


Contact



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 Secure File Exchange: www.filebox-solution.com

PGP-Fingerprint:

